

Competitive dominance of

Microcystis aeruginosa and *Raphidiopsis raciborskii* (previously *Cylindrospermopsis raciborskii*) are both common bloom-forming cyanobacteria which can coexist but alternatively dominate in freshwater ecosystems. To predict their blooming dynamics, we need to understand the potential environmental factors determining their succession. In the present study, we examined the pairwise competition of the three *M. aeruginosa* strains (FACHB905, 469 and 915) with one *R. raciborskii* strain (N8) at three temperature levels (16 °C, 24 °C, and 32 °C). We found that the competitive ability of three *Microcystis* strains were highly variable. *M. aeruginosa* FACHB905 was the strongest competitor among them which can finally exclude *R. raciborskii* N8 regardless of initial biovolume ratios and temperature levels. The competitive exclusion of N8 by 915 also was observed at 24 °C, but they coexisted at 16 °C and 32 °C. We observed that *M. aeruginosa* FACHB469 and *R. raciborskii* N8 were able to coexist under all the temperature levels, and *M. aeruginosa* FACHB469 was the weakest competitor among the three *M. aeruginosa* strains. Rates of competitive exclusion (RCE) showed that temperature affects the competition between three *M. aeruginosa* strains and *R. raciborskii* N8. *M. aeruginosa* strains always grew quickly at 24 °C and significantly enlarged its dominance in the co-culture system, while *R. raciborskii* N8 was able to maintain its initial advantages at both 16 and 32 °C. The competitive advantage of *M. aeruginosa* FACHB905 may be explained by allelopathic interactions through its allelochemicals and other secondary metabolites other than microcystin. We concluded that both strain difference and temperature can affect the competition between *M. aeruginosa* and *R. raciborskii*. Our results highlighted the complexity of cyanobacterial dynamics in waterbodies where there exist multiple strains.

Auteurs du document : Lamei Lei, Jingjun Dai, Qiuqi Lin, Liang Peng

Obtenir le document : EDP Sciences

Mots clés : temperature, allelopathy, competition, température, allélopathie, compétition

Date : 2020-08-03

Format : text/xml

Source : <https://doi.org/10.1051/kmae/2020023>

Langue : Anglais

Télécharger les documents : <https://www.kmae-journal.org/10.1051/kmae/2020023/pdf>

Permalien : <https://www.documentation.eauetbiodiversite.fr/notice/competitive-dominance-of0>

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