

Observations ultrastructurales sur *Ameson nelsoni* (Sprague, 1950) microsporidie parasite de la crevette *Parapenaeus longirostris* Lucas. Conséquences taxonomiques. ■



The sporogony of *A. nelsoni* is of the apansporoblastic type. Diplocaryons always occur during merogony, never occur during sporogony. Sporoblasts are produced by fission of a multinucleate and elongated plasmodium. Spore morphogenesis begins before the end of the sporoblasts individualization. The polaroplast has a very dense outer area. The genus *Ameson* is very much like genus *Perezia* and both are badly classified respectively in the families Nosematidae and Unikaryonidae. The creation of the new family Perezidae is proposed for both genera.

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